Core Analysis and Data Use Policy

- Lists of Scientific Targets
- Classification of research groups by priority
- Core handling, measurement and sampling procedures
- Use of crude data
- Call for proposals (deadline for advertisement and proposal)

Core Committee Members

• Taiwan:

Chien-Ying Wang (NCU) Jih-hao Hung (NCU) Song-rong Song (NTU)

- Japan:
 - H. Ito (GSJ)

Gaku Kimura (U. Tokyo)

• USA:

David Lockner (USGS)

Lists of Scientific Targets (I)

Energy budget and Fault-propagation Processes

a) Identify and characterize the fault zone

Parameters	Scientific Questions
Deformation Fabrics	Factors control the localization of slip and strain; Microstructures and deformation mechanisms within fault zone and protolith
Mineralogy and petrology of fault and wall rocks (XRD, XRF, AFM, etc.)	Mineralogy and petrology of fault and wall rocks (XRD, XRF, AFM, etc.)
Experimental studies and modeling	Experimental studies and modeling
Seismic velocities (Vp and Vs)	Seismic velocities (Vp and Vs)
Temperature (ESR, OM, T-logging, etc.)	Temperature (ESR, OM, T-logging, etc.)
Thermochronology	

Lists of Scientific Targets (II)

b) Physical and Chemical properties of the fault (weak or strong fault)

parameters	Scientific Questions
Fluid pressure	1. Vertical and lateral distribution of fluid pressure regimes
	2. Time-dependence of fluid pressure within the fault zone
	3. The extent of vertical and lateral fluid migration after a large earthquake
Permeability, Porosity	Permeability and porosity structure within fault zone (thermal pressurization)
Fluid chemistry	The origin and composition of fault zone fluids

Lists of Scientific Targets (III)

c) Mechanical Properties

parameters	Scientific Questions
Poroelastic properties, Storage capacity, Biot coefficient, Skempton coefficient	Physical and mechanical properties of fault-zone material and country rock
Fault Roughness (Coefficient of friction)	Fault roughness can reach the value in the range of 10 ⁻³ -10 ⁻⁴ .

Lists of Scientific Targets (IV)

d) Strain and stress State

parameters	Scientific Questions
Stress state	Stress tensor vary in the vicinity of the fault zone
Borehole strain measurements	Strain accumulation occur within the fault zone over different time scale

e) Microbiology in the deep biosphere

parameters	Scientific Questions
Microbiology data	Collect new microbiology data across a range of lithologic conditions